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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09/943,246	08/30/2001	Duane Q. Huynh	SJO920010065US1	8283
7590 03/04/2004			EXAMINER	
	L & PATTERSON, L	CHEN, TIANJIE		
SUITE 350 7600B NORTH CAPITAL OF TEXAS HWY.			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
AUSTIN, TX 78731-1168			2652	

DATE MAILED: 03/04/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Antique Commence	09/943,246	HUYNH, DUANE Q.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Tianjie Chen	2652			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ting within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on a) This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final. 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims					
 4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-16 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-16 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or 	vn from consideration.				
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine 11.	epted or b) objected to by the liderating on being on the lideration of the lideration of the drawing of the drawing of the drawing of the drawing of the lideration of the li	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). lected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		·			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the priorical structure.	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati ity documents have been receive (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage			
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary				
 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 2. 	Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	atent Application (PTO-152)			

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Non-Final Rejection

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 1. Claims 1-5, 7-9, and 11-15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Peterson et al (US 5,999,372)

With regard tom claim 1, Peterson et al shows an actuator for a data storage device in Fig. 1, including: an actuator comb (Fig. 2) having a pivot assembly aperture and an actuator arm 116; a leading edge 132 (Fig. 2) on the actuator arm; a trailing edge 132 (Fig. 2) on the actuator arm; and wherein the leading edge and the trailing edge have aerodynamic profiles for reducing a coefficient of air flow drag for the actuator arm (Column 2, lines 33-35).

With regard to claim 7, Peterson et al shows an actuator for a data storage device, including: an actuator comb (Fig. 2) having a pivot assembly aperture (Fig. 2), a suspension tongue 116, an actuator arm 116 there between, and leading and trailing edges 132 on the actuator arm, wherein the leading and trailing edges extend from the pivot assembly aperture to the suspension tongue (the front portion of 116 in Fig. 2); and wherein the leading edge and the trailing edge have aerodynamic profiles with triangular cross-sectional shapes for reducing a coefficient of air flow drag for the actuator arm (Figs. 2 and 6; column 2, lines 33-35).

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With regard to claim 11, Peterson et al shows a hard disk drive in Fig. 1, including: a housing; a spindle motor assembly 104 mounted to the housing and having a central drive hub (Fig. 1); a data storage disk 106 mounted to the spindle motor assembly; a pivot assembly 112 mounted to the housing; an actuator 11 mounted to the pivot assembly for movement relative to the disk, the actuator having a voice coil 114 (Fig. 1), an arm 116 with a suspension 118 mounted thereto, a read/write head 120 on the suspension; a leading edge 132 on the arm; a trailing edge 132 on the arm; and wherein the leading and the trailing edges have aerodynamic profiles for reducing the coefficient of air flow drag for the arm (Figs. 2 and 6; column 2, lines 33-35).

With regard to claims 2, 8, and 12; Peterson et al further shows that the leading and trailing edges 132 are symmetrical.

With regard to claims 3 and 13, Peterson et al further shows that the leading and trailing edges 132 have triangular cross-sectional shapes (Figs. 2 and 6).

With regard to claims 4, 9, and 14; Peterson et al further shows that the leading and trailing edges 132 are tapered at their respective ends (Figs. 2 and 6).

With regard to claims 5 and 15, Peterson et al further shows that each of the leading and trailing edges 132 extends from the pivot assembly aperture to a suspension tongue (Fig. 2, the front portion of 116).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject

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matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

2. Claims 6, 10, and 16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Peterson et al in view of Williams et al (US 6,538,853).

With regard to claims 6, 10, and 16; Peterson et al shows an actuator for data storage device, wherein weight reducing apertures are located in an interior of the actuator arm (Fig. 2), but fails to show aperture has an aerodynamic profile for reducing a coefficient of air flow drag, for the actuator arm.

Williams et al shows an actuator arm having weight reducing aperture 59, which has an aerodynamic profile for reducing the coefficient of air flow drag, for the actuator arm (Fig. 4; column 7, lines 14-18).

It would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to one of ordinary skill in the art to reshape the apertures in Peterson et al's device into the shape taught by Williams et al, which has an aerodynamic profile for reducing the coefficient of air flow drag, for the actuator arm. The rationale is as follows: Peterson et al teaches an actuator arm with apertures and the importance for reducing turbulence, i.e. to reduce the coefficient of air flow drag. Williams teaches carefully shaping the aperture can reduce coefficient of airflow drag (Column 7, lines 14-18). One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to reshape the apertures to reduce the coefficient of airflow drag, for the actuator arm.

Conclusion

3. The prior art made of record in PTO-892 Form and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Tianjie Chen whose telephone number is (703) 305-7499. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:00-4:30, Mon-Fri.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Hoa Nguyen can be reached on (703) 305-9687. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Tianjie Chen

Primary Examiner

range 03/02/04

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